Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A compound of Compounds of the general formula (I)

in which

- R¹ represents phenyl or represents 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl having up to two heteroatoms from the group consisting of N, O and S, which radicals may for their part each be mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano, nitro, (C₁-C₆)-alkyl (which for its part may be substituted by hydroxyl), (C₁-C₆)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, (C₁-C₆)-alkylsulphonyl, (C₁-C₆)-alkanoyl, (C₁-C₆)-alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyl, amino, (C₁-C₆)-acylamino, mono- and di-(C₁-C₆)-alkylamino,
- R^2 and R^3 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl or together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 3- to 7-membered spiro-linked cycloalkyl ring,
- R^4 represents hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

- R⁵ represents hydrogen, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy or halogen,
- R^6 represents (C_1-C_6) -alkyl, (C_3-C_8) -cycloalkyl, (C_1-C_6) -alkanoyl, (C_1-C_6) -alkylsulphonyl or (C_1-C_6) -alkoxycarbonyl,
- R^7 and R^8 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl,

and

R⁹ represents hydrogen or a hydrolyzable group which can be degraded to the corresponding carboxylic acid,

or a and their pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof salts, solvates and solvates of the salts.

- 2. (currently amended) The compound of Compounds of the general formula (I) according to Claim 1 in which
 - represents phenyl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, cyano, (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, methylsulphonyl, acetyl, propionyl, (C₁-C₄)-alkoxycarbonyl, amino, acetylamino, mono- and di-(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino,
 - R^2 and R^3 are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or (C_1-C_4) -alkyl or together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered spiro-linked cycloalkyl ring,
 - R⁴ represents hydrogen or methyl,
 - R⁵ represents hydrogen, methyl, methoxy, fluorine or chlorine,

 R^6 represents (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, acetyl, methylsulphonyl, methoxycarbonyl or tert-butoxycarbonyl,

R⁷ and R⁸ are identical or different and independently of one another represent hydrogen or methyl,

and

 R^9

represents hydrogen.

- 3. (currently amended) The compound of Compounds of the general formula (I) according to Claim 1 in which
 - R¹ represents phenyl which may be mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, methyl, trifluoromethyl and trifluoromethoxy,
 - R² represents methyl,
 - R³ represents methyl,

or

- R² and R³ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a spiro-linked cyclopentane or cyclohexane ring,
- R⁴ represents hydrogen or methyl,
- R⁵ represents hydrogen, methyl, fluorine or chlorine,
- R⁶ represents (C₁-C₄)-alkyl, acetyl or methylsulphonyl,
- R⁷ and R⁸ each represent hydrogen

and

- R⁹ represents hydrogen.
- 4. (currently amended) A compound of Compounds of the formula (I-A)

$$R^{1}$$
 CH_{3}
 R^{6}
 OH
 OH
 OH
 OH
 OH

in which

- R¹ represents phenyl which is substituted by fluorine, chlorine or trifluoromethyl, and
- R⁶ represents methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl or tert-butyl.
- 5. (currently amended) A process Process for preparing a compound of claim 1 or 4, comprising initially converting a compound the compounds of the general formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that compounds of the formula (II)

in which

R², R³ and R⁴ are each as defined in Claim 1

and

Y represents chlorine or bromine

are initially , by methods known from the literature, converted into a compound compounds of the formula (III)

in which

Y, R², R³ and R⁴ are each as defined in Claim 1

and

PG represents a suitable amino protective group , preferably 4-nitrophenylsulphonyl, then reacting this compound these compounds are then reacted in a coupling reaction with a compound of the formula (IV)

$$R^{1}$$
 B $O-R^{10}$ (IV)

in which

R¹ is as defined in Claim 1

and

 R^{10} represents hydrogen or methyl or both radicals together form a CH_2CH_2 - or $C(CH_3)_2$ - $C(CH_3)_2$ -bridge

in an inert solvent in the presence of a suitable palladium catalyst and a base to give <u>a</u> compound compounds of the formula (V)

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4
 R^4

in which

PG, R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are each as defined in Claim 1,

then again removing the protective group PG is then, by methods known from the literature, removed again giving a compound compounds of the formula (VI)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 (VI)

in which

 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are each as defined in Claim 1,

then converting the product is then converted with a compound of the formula (VII)

$$CI$$
 R^{5}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 $CVII)$

in which

R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are each as defined in Claim 1

and

T represents benzyl or (C_1-C_6) -alkyl

in an inert solvent in the presence of a base into <u>a compound</u> compounds of the formula (VIII)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{7

in which

T, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are each as defined in Claim 1,

then converting the compound compounds of the formula (VIII) are then , using acids or bases or, if T represents benzyl, also hydrogenolytically, converted into the corresponding carboxylic acid acids of the formula (IX)

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}
 R^{8}
 R^{7}
 R^{8}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{7

in which

R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are each as defined in Claim 1,

then optionally further modifying this carboxylic acid (IX) these carboxylic acids (IX) are, if appropriate, modified further by known esterification methods to give a compound compounds of the formula (I),

and optionally converting the resulting compound compounds of the formula (IX) or (I) are, if appropriate, converted into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof their solvates, salts and/or solvates of the salts using the corresponding (i) solvents and/or (ii) bases or acids.

- 6. (cancelled)
- 7. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition Medicaments, comprising at least one a compound of claim 1 or 4 the formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims 1 to 4 and an inert non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable carrier earriers, auxiliaries, solvents, vehicles, emulsifiers and/or dispersants.
- 8. (cancelled)
- 9. (cancelled).
- 10. (currently amended) A method for treating or preventing Use of compounds of the formula (I) or (I-A) as defined in Claims 1 to 4 for preparing medicaments for the

prophylaxis and treatment of stroke, arteriosclerosis, coronary heart diseases or and dyslipidaemias, for the prophylaxis of myocardial infarction and for the treatment of restenosis after coronary angioplasty or stenting, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 or 4.

- 11. (cancelled)
- 12. (new) A method for preventing myocardial infarction, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 or 4.
- 13 (new) A method for treating restenosis after coronary angioplasty or stenting, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 or 4.